

# MARKED-UP SPECIFICATION

ROTABLE-ROTATABLE PLUG APPLIED IN ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT POWER  
SUPPLY APPARATUS

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a rotatable-rotatable plug applied in an electronic equipment, and more particularly to a foldable and rotatable-rotatable plug applied in an electronic equipment a power supply apparatus.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The conventional plug used for electrically connected to the electrical power is unable to be rotated to change the direction of the blade. However, the direction of the slot in the socket is fixed. Thus, the plug usually has to accommodate to the direction of the slot in the socket for achieving the electrical connection. Hence, when the plug of an adapter or a battery charger is plugged into a socket, the adjacent socket is usually blocked owing to its large volume. Therefore, it causes inconvenience for the user.

[0003] Generally, for a rotatable-rotatable plug, a circle conductive wire is employed to achieve the rotation of the plug. However, when the plug is rotated, the bad conductive contact can happen. Hence, for a good conductive contact, the circle conductive wire will be disposed very close to the blade of the plug. Thus, it will cause unsafety issue. In addition, the typical rotatable-rotatable plug includes many components. Thus, the assembly procedure is complicated beside the materials are cost.

[0004] Therefore, the purpose of the present invention is to develop a rotatable-rotatable plug to deal with the above situations encountered in the prior art.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a ~~retable~~rotatable plug for optionally changing the direction of the blade of the plug to efficiently overcome the space limitation problem.

[0006] It is therefore another object of the present invention to provide a ~~retable~~rotatable plug for directly use with the typical conductive wire.

[0007] It is therefore an additional object of the present invention to provide a ~~retable~~rotatable plug for avoiding the bad conductive contact and unsafety problems of the prior art.

[0008] It is therefore an additional object of the present invention to provide a ~~retable~~rotatable plug for simplifying the assembly procedure and reducing the material cost.

[0009] According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a ~~retable~~rotatable plug for connecting to an electronic receptacle. The ~~retable~~rotatable plug applied in an electronic equipment includes a plug for plugging into the electronic receptacle and fixing and electrically connecting to at least two conductive wires, a rotary case for disposing the plug, a top cover having a circle opening and an annular frame, wherein the annular frame is disposed around the opening for accommodating the rotary case therein to rotate and the plug is carried to rotate when the rotary case is rotated, and a restricting mechanism for limiting the rotary case to rotate in a particular rotating range.

[0010] For example, the electronic equipment is an adapter or a battery charger.

[0011] For example, the plug is a fixed plug or a foldable plug.

[0012] Preferably, the foldable plug includes a transverse rod having a first and a second grooves and having two ends for

pivottally connected to the rotary case, at least two blades for plugging into the electronic receptacle, and at least two conductive terminals fixed and electrically connected to the at least two conductive wires respectively, wherein each blade and each conductive terminal are disposed at two opposite sides of the transverse rod to form a particular angle. Each blade and each conductive terminal are preferably integrally formed. The transverse rod, the first groove and the second groove are preferably integrally formed.

[0013] Preferably, the rotary case includes a concave storage base on a front surface having an opening disposed at one end of the concave storage base for disposing the plug therein and used for receiving the at least two blades therein when the plug is folded, and an elastic engaging element having a first end fixed and connected to a back of the rotary case and a second end for engaging the transverse rod of the plug to slide between the first and second grooves of the transverse rod. The rotary case, the concave storage base, the elastic engaging element and the opening are preferably integrally formed.

[0014] Preferably, the circle opening has a diameter smaller than an inside diameter of the annular frame and the rotary case has a diameter smaller than the inside diameter of the annular frame.

[0015] Preferably, the rotary case includes an annular groove surrounded a circumferential surface of the rotary case and the annular frame of the top cover has a protruding element at a relative position of the annular groove for engaging to the annular groove.

[0016] For example, the protruding element can be an annular protrusion. Preferably, the annular groove includes a plurality of position points and the annular protrusion includes a plurality of position units for engaging with the plural position

points for positioning a direction of the plug. Preferably, each position point is a concave point and each position unit is an elastic jut, wherein the elastic juts have a relative position with the concave points for engaging with the elastic juts respectively.

**[0017]** Preferably, the restricting mechanism includes a first protrusion disposed on a circumferential surface of the rotary case and between two the position points, and a second protrusion disposed on an inside wall of the annular frame and between the two elastic juts, whereby when the rotary case rotates in a first direction till the first protrusion is against the second protrusion, a rotation of the rotary case in the first direction is limited. The top cover, the annular frame, the protruding element and the second protrusion are preferably integrally formed. The rotary case, the annular groove, the plural concave points and the first protrusion are preferably integrally formed.

**[0018]** Preferably, the rotary case has a particular thickness and the annular frame further comprises a stopper for allowing the rotary case to rotate in the annular frame. The annular groove preferably includes a plurality of position points for positioning a direction of the plug. Preferably, each position point is a concave point and each the position unit is an elastic jut, wherein the elastic juts have a relative position with the concave points for engaging with the elastic juts respectively.

**[0019]** Preferably, the restricting mechanism includes a first protrusion disposed on a circumferential surface of the rotary case, and a second protrusion disposed on an inside wall of the annular frame, whereby when the rotary case rotates in a first direction till the first protrusion is against the second protrusion, a rotation of the rotary case in the first direction is limited. The top cover, the annular frame and the second protrusion are preferably integrally formed. The rotary case and

the first protrusion are preferably integrally formed.

[0020] According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a ~~retable~~-rotatable plug for connecting to an electronic receptacle. The ~~retable~~-rotatable plug applied in an electronic equipment includes a plug for plugging into the electronic receptacle and fixing and electrically connecting to at least two conductive wires, a rotary case for disposing the plug, and a top cover having a circle opening and an annular frame, wherein the annular frame is disposed around the opening for accommodating the rotary case therein to rotate and the plug is carried to rotate when the rotary case is rotated.

[0021] Preferably, the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug further includes a restricting mechanism for limiting the rotary case to rotate in a particular rotating range. The restricting mechanism includes a first protrusion disposed on a circumferential surface of the rotary case, and a second protrusion disposed on an inside wall of the annular frame, whereby when the rotary case rotates in a first direction till the first protrusion is against the second protrusion, a rotation of the rotary case in the first direction is limited.

[0022] The present invention may best be understood through the following description with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] Fig. 1 is a three-dimensional decomposed diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a ~~retable~~-rotatable plug according to the present invention;

[0024] Fig. 2 is an assembly diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 1;

[0025] Fig. 3 is an A-A' line cross-sectional diagram

illustrating the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 2;

[0026] Fig. 4 is a B-B' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 2;

[0027] Fig. 5 is a three-dimensional decomposed diagram illustrating another preferred embodiment of a ~~retable~~-rotatable plug according to the present invention;

[0028] Fig. 6A is a diagram illustrating the back of a rotary case assembled with a plug of the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5;

[0029] Fig. 6B is a diagram illustrating the back of a top cover of the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5;

[0030] Fig. 6C is an assembly diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~ rotatable plug in Fig. 5;

[0031] Fig. 7 is an A-A' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 6C;

[0032] Fig. 8 is a B-B' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 6C; and

[0033] Figs. 9A-9D are diagrams illustrating rotation conditions of the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0034] The present invention will now be described more specifically with reference to the following embodiments. It is to be noted that the following descriptions of preferred embodiments of this invention are presented herein for purpose of illustration and description only; it is not intended to be exhaustive or to be limited to the precise form disclosed.

[0035] Fig. 1 is a three-dimensional decomposed diagram illustrating a preferred embodiment of a ~~retable~~-rotatable plug according to the present invention. As shown in Fig. 1, the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug includes a plug 10, a rotary case 11, a top cover 12, and a restricting mechanism (not shown). The plug

10 has one end for plugging into an electronic receptacle such as a socket and the other end for fixing and electrically connected to two conductive wires (not shown). The rotary case 11 has an opening for disposing the plug 10 therein. There are a circle opening 13 and an annular frame 14 at one end of the top cover 12. The annular frame 14 is disposed on the back of the top cover 12 and surrounds the circle opening 13 as shown in Fig. 1. When the rotary case 11 is put into the circle opening 13 and surrounded by the annular frame 14, the rotary case 11 can rotate and further carry the plug 10 to rotate for change the direction of the plug 10. Moreover, the restricting mechanism is used for limiting the rotary case 11 in a particular range for preventing the conductive wires from intertwining with when the rotary case 11 is rotated. The maximum rotation range of the rotary case 11 is 270 degree.

[0036] Fig. 2 is an assembly diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~ rotatable plug in Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is an A-A' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~ rotatable plug in Fig. 2. As shown in Fig. 3, the diameter of the circle opening 13 of the top cover 12 is smaller than the inside diameter of the annular frame 14. Furthermore, the diameter of the rotary case 11 is smaller than the inside diameter of the annular frame 14. Thus, when the rotary case 11 is disposed into the circle opening 13 from the back of the top cover 12, the rotary case 11 will not fall out from the front of the top cover 12. Moreover, the thickness of the rotary case 11 is similar to that of the annular frame 14 as shown in Fig. 3. When the rotary case 11 is fitted into the circle opening 13, a stopper 3 1 on the back of the top cover 12 will enclose the rotary case 11 inside the circle opening 13 and allow the rotary case 11 to rotate in this space.

[0037] Fig. 4 is a B-B' cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~retable~~ rotatable plug in Fig. 2. As shown in Fig. 4, the

rotary case 11 has three position points, i.e. three concave points 15, on the circumferential surface for positioning the direction of the plug 10. At the same time, the annular frame 14 has three elastic juts 16 which are located at a relative position with the three concave points, respectively, on the inside wall. Thus, when the rotary case 11 rotates to a particular range, each elastic jut 16 will engage with the corresponded concave point 15 for achieving the position effect. The relative position of the concave points and the elastic juts and the engaging condition thereof are shown in Figs. 1 and 3.

[0038] In addition, the restricting mechanism includes a first protrusion 43 and a second protrusion 44. The first protrusion 43 is disposed on the circumferential surface of the rotary case 11 and between two concave points 15, while the second protrusion 44 is disposed on the inside wall of the annular frame 14 and between two elastic juts 16. Thus, when the rotary case 11 is rotated in a first direction till the first protrusion 43 is against the second protrusion 44, the rotary case 11 cannot be rotated toward the first direction anymore. Therefore, the restricting mechanism can prevent the conductive wires fixed on the plug 10 from intertwining with each other because the rotation of the rotary case 11.

[0039] Fig. 4 is an assembly diagram illustrating the combination of the first connector and the second connector according to the present invention. As shown in Fig. 4, when the terminal bases are combined with the slots 42 and the conductive pins 321 are contacted with the conductive terminals 421, the first connector 3 and the second connector 4 are combined together by buckling the elastic buckling element 33 with the protruding element 43.

[0040] Fig. 5 is a three-dimensional decomposed diagram illustrating another preferred embodiment of a ~~rotatable~~ rotatable

plug according to the present invention. As shown in Fig. 5, the rotary plug includes a plug 10, a rotary case 11 and a top cover 12. The structure and function of the ~~retable~~rotatable plug are similar to the above embodiment except that the plug 10 is foldable and the connection method of the rotary case 11 to the top cover 12. Please refer to Fig. 5, the plug 10 includes a transverse rod 50, two blades 51 and two conductive terminals 52. The transverse rod 50 has a first groove 53 and a second groove thereon (not shown). Each blade 51 and each conductive terminal 52 are disposed at two opposite sides of the transverse rod 50 in a particular angle. The blade 51 and the conductive terminal 52 can be integrally formed. The two conductive terminals 52 are used for electrically connected to conductive wires (not shown) and the two blades 51 are used for plugging into an electronic receptacle. The transverse rod 50, the two blades 51 and the two conductive terminals 52 can be integrally formed. In addition, the transverse rod 50, the first groove 53 and the second groove can be integrally formed, too. Moreover, the rotary case 11 includes a concave storage base 54, an opening 55 and an elastic engaging element (not shown). The opening 55 is located at one end of the concave storage base 54 as shown in Fig. 5. Fig. 6A is a diagram illustrating the back of a rotary case assembled with a plug of the ~~retable~~rotatable plug in Fig. 5. As shown in Fig. 6A, the elastic engaging element 60 has a first end fixed and connected to the back of the rotary case 11. When the plug 10 is disposed in the opening 55, the second end of the elastic engaging element 60 is engaged with the transverse rod 50 and is able to slide between the first groove and the second groove to allow the two blades 51 of the plug 10 to be received into the concave storage base 54.

[0041] Please refer to Figs. 5 and 6A, the rotary case 11 has an annular groove 56 and four position points, i.e. four concave

points 15 (only two of them shown), on the circumferential surface. In addition, the circumferential surface of the rotary case 11 further includes a first protrusion 43 which is one unit of the restricting mechanism. Fig. 6B is a diagram illustrating the back of a top cover of the ~~rotatable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5. As shown in Figs. 5 and 6B, the inside wall of the annular frame 14 of the top cover 12 has an annular protrusion 57 disposed at a relative position with the annular groove 56 of the rotary case 11. Furthermore, four elastic juts 16 also are disposed on the inside wall of the annular frame 14. In addition, the annular protrusion 57 can be replaced by a plurality of elastic protrusions.

[0042] Fig. 6C is an assembly diagram illustrating the ~~rotatable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5. Fig. 7 is an A-A' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~rotatable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 6C. As shown in Fig. 7, the annular protrusion 57 is engaged with the annular groove 56 of the rotary case 11, so the rotary case 11 can rotate in the annular frame 14 and not fall out.

[0043] Fig. 8 is a B-B' line cross-sectional diagram illustrating the ~~rotatable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 6C. As shown in Fig. 8, when the elastic juts 16 are engaged with the annular groove 56, the rotary case 11 can be connected with the top cover 12. The rotary case 11 includes four concave points 15 disposed on the circumferential surface or on the annular groove 56 and the first protrusion 43 disposed on the circumferential surface and between two concave points 15. At the same time, the annular frame 14 has four elastic juts 16 on the inside wall and at the corresponded position of the four concave points 15, respectively. Furthermore, the annular frame 14 also includes the second protrusion 44 on the inside wall and between two elastic juts 16. Thus, when the concave points 16 are respectively engaged with the elastic juts 16, the direction of the plug 10

can be positioned. Moreover, the structure and function of the first protrusion 43 and the second protrusion 44 in the restricting mechanism are similar to those of the aforementioned embodiment, so it is unnecessary to be redundantly described herein.

**[0044]** In addition, the top cover 12, the annular frame 14, the elastic juts 16, the annular protrusion 57 and the second protrusion 44 can be integrally formed. Also, the rotary case 11, the annular groove 56 and the concave points 15 and the first protrusion 43 can be integrally formed.

**[0045]** Figs. 9A-9D are diagrams illustrating rotation conditions of the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug in Fig. 5. As shown in Figs. 9A-9D, the direction and position of the plug can be changed according to the present invention. Therefore, the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug of the present invention can be applied in the adapter, the battery charger or the electronic equipment for adapting to different socket positions or different size spaces around the socket. Specially, the present invention also provides the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug with a foldable function. Because the blades of this ~~retable~~-rotatable plug are not located at the center of the rotary case, the direction and position of the blades can be more flexibly changed in response to the space limitation.

**[0046]** In sum, the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug according to the present invention has the following advantages:

**[0047]** The ~~retable~~-rotatable plug of the present invention can be directly connected to the conductive wire of the typical plug, so it does not require a special structure to cooperate with. In addition, the problems of bad conductive contact and unsafety caused by the prior art will be avoided.

**[0048]** 2. According to the present invention, the top cover, the rotary case and the plug of the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug can be

respectively integrally formed with their detail elements. Thus, the top cover, the rotary case and the plug can be easily and fast assembled to together by engaging.

[0049] 3. The ~~retable~~-rotatable plug of the present invention employs the engagement of the position point and the position unit to achieve fast positioning. Furthermore, the number of the position point can be disposed according the practical requirement.

[0050] 4. When the ~~retable~~-rotatable plug of the present invention is applied in a large size plug such as an adapter, it will not block the adjacent receptacles because the direction of the blades of the plug can be changed.

[0051] While the invention has been described in terms of what are presently considered to be the most practical and preferred embodiments, it is to be understood that the invention need not to be limited to the disclosed embodiment. On the contrary, it is intended to cover various modifications and similar arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the appended claims which are to be accorded with the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and similar structures.